**Guided Highlighted Reading Prompts for**

**Concepts reflected in the Text**

***The Pizza Slide* by Shirley Keebler**

* Look through the entire text and find and highlight the evidence that pizza has survived a long time. (…*ancestors of our pizza lived in a Greek Colony in the southern part of Italy more than two thousand years ago; first major development came around 1520; …1889, when Neapolitan named Rafaele Esposito backed a pizza for Italy’s Queen Margherita; …in1905 Gennaro Lombardi opened a bakery in New York City. Besides bread, he sold groceries and hot pizza-the first in America; …pizza was not popular until the 1940s; 1943 the first pan pizza was cooked*)
* Look through the entire text to find and highlight evidence that there were many changes or adaptations made to pizza over time. (*1520 tomatoes were added; 1889 mozzarella cheese and basil were added; stalls were set up so customers could order pizza cooked the way they liked it; later tables and chairs were added; soon stalls became pizza parlors; 1905 sold it hot in his bakery; 1943 first pan pizza; Chicago-style; New York style and West Coast-style*)
* Look through the entire text to find evidence of two events that changed the perception of pizza. (*1889 Queen Margherita had a pizza named after her giving pizza a royal name; American soldiers who fought in Italy came home with a taste for pizza*)
* Find and highlight the all the ways pizza was “diversified” to meet the needs of people in different regions. (*In Naples stalls were set up and customers could order pizza cooked the way they liked it; pizza became more American than Italian: Chicago-style deep-dish, New York-style thin crust and West Coast-style with light crust and high quality toppings.)*